

AUDIT COMMITTEE
COMMITTEE OF THE WHOLE (BUDGET)

21 January 2019 22 January 2019

Report No. 19-002

2018-2019 Revised Estimates

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PURPOSE:

1. To explain changes reflected in the District's 2018-2019 Revised Estimates as compared to the District's 2018-2019 Budget.

CONTEXT:

2. The Ministry of Education requires that school boards approve and submit annual budget estimates by the end of June preceding the beginning of a new school year. The original budget estimates were approved by the Board on 11 June 2018.

The Ministry also requires that the approved budget estimates be revised after the start of the school year to reflect the financial impact resulting from actual enrolment levels. Changes in revenues and expenses not related to enrolment are also included. The update to the Board approved budget is referred to as revised estimates.

The changes reflected in the 2018-2019 Revised Estimates include the impact of increased enrolment which resulted in increased revenue and additional staffing costs, adjustments resulting from grants announced after the passing of the District's budget and changes identified as part of ongoing monitoring of operations. The revised estimates are prepared relatively early in the school year and, recognizing the increased enrolment, staff continues to evaluate where additional resources may be needed to respond to student needs.

The revised estimates reflect the use of \$5.4 million to support capital spending. The spending will advance specific initiatives relating to information technology and student furniture renewal. A separate report seeking Board approval of the proposed investments will be presented to Committee of the Whole-Budget on 22 January 2019.

KEY CONSIDERATIONS:

3. In June 2018, the Board approved the 2018-2019 Budget authorizing expenses totaling \$974.3 million. Funding of the expenses was provided through grants and other revenues totaling \$974.3 million. This resulted in a balanced budget.

The District's 2018-2019 Revised Estimates provide for expenses of \$978.7 million, revenues of \$981.5 million and a planned surplus of \$2.8 million. Table 1 compares the anticipated surplus reflected in the revised estimates with the amount originally budgeted.

	Revised Estimates	Budget	Change	Change
	\$	\$	\$	%
Revenues	981,538,700	974,300,600	7,238,100	0.7
Expenses	978,693,900	974,300,600	4,393,300	0.5
Surplus	2.844.800	_	2.844.800]

Table 1 – Comparison of Revised Estimates and Budget

Changes to revenues and expenses since the passing of the 2018-2019 Budget are expanded upon in Appendix A - Analysis of Changes in Revenues and Expenses. Costs by program area for the current and prior year are presented in Appendix B - Comparative Summary of Expenses. Additional detail regarding grants is provided in Appendix C - Grants for Student Needs and a list of special purpose grants is provided in Appendix D - Other Program Grants.

4. Enrolment Estimates and Grants

The 2018-2019 Budget was developed using enrolment estimates established in early 2018. Average daily enrolment (ADE) levels have a direct impact on funding and also affect related instructional expenses. The approved budget reflected ADE of 49,296 for elementary and 22,954 for secondary.

Actual elementary ADE for 2018-2019 Revised Estimates purposes was 49,685 students which is an increase of 389 students (0.8%) over the approved budget. Secondary day-school enrolment was revised to reflect ADE of 23,054 students which is an increase of 100 students (0.4%) over the approved budget.

As previously mentioned, enrolment has a direct impact on various grants and in particular the Pupil Foundation Grant (PFG). This grant applies to students of the District under 21 years of age and excludes 'high credit' ADE. Table 2 shows that the District's PFG is expected to be \$2.6 million more than budgeted.

Table 2 – Effect of Increased Average Daily Enrolment on Pupil Foundation Grant

	Enrolment					
	(Pupils of the Board)		Pupil Foundation Grant			
	Revised			Revised		
	Estimates	Budget	Change	Estimates	Budget	Change
				\$	\$	\$
Elementary	49,685	49,296	389	270,612,100	268,558,500	2,053,600
Secondary	23,054	22,954	100	137,276,800	136,678,200	598,600
Total	72,739	72,250	489	407,888,900	405,236,700	2,652,200

Other allocations that comprise part of the Grants for Student Needs (GSNs) are affected by changes in enrolment and student demographics. Of these, the funding change relating to the Special Education grant was most affected and increased by over \$1.8 million while the School Operations grant increased by \$726,900.

Special mention must be made regarding the Indigenous Education grant. The District's grant is comprised of a base amount to support the Board's action plan on indigenous education, a per pupil amount reflective of the enrolment of indigenous students and an indigenous studies amount which provides funding based on student enrolment in qualifying secondary panel courses. Almost all of the \$1.5 million increase relates to indigenous studies where 1,631 pupil credits are anticipated as compared to the 375 pupil credits assumed during budget development. The increase is generally attributable to enrolment in compulsory English credit courses which qualify for increased funding.

Appendix C - Grants for Student Needs compares the revised GSNs with the approved budget.

5. Compensation-Related Instruction Costs

Compensation-related instruction costs are those incurred in meeting the needs of students in the classroom. Examples of staff whose costs are reported in the Instruction category include classroom teachers, school-based administrators, learning consultants and professional and support staff such as psychologists, educational assistants (EAs) and early childhood educators (ECEs).

The forecast of compensation-related instructions costs, exclusive of specific amounts totaling \$1.0 million and discussed in sections 6 and 7, show that savings of \$9.1 million are likely in comparison to the 2018-2019 Budget. Almost all of this reduction relates to classroom teachers.

A review was initiated to identify the factors giving rise to the significant savings. The review confirmed an anomaly related to the compensation of new teaching staff. Teachers that leave the District normally have significant qualifications and experience and, accordingly, are compensated at the high end of the salary scale. Teachers filling the vacated positions are generally compensated at lower rates of pay which reflect their more recent entry into the teaching profession.

Actual trends show that the qualification and experience levels and, consequently, the rates of pay are less than originally provisioned in the budget. Revenue provided by the Qualification and Experience grant has also decreased by \$1.6 million given that teachers are starting at lower rates of pay as compared to the salary benchmark.

Recognizing that the District's 2019-2020 budget development cycle is about to commence, the observation is particularly timely because it will allow staff to more accurately project costs in what may be a challenging budget year.

6. Enrolment-Related Compensation Adjustments

As previously mentioned, the revised estimates reflect increased enrolment in both the elementary and secondary panels. There has also been increased enrolment of international students. The additional enrolment, as influenced by site-specific enrolment needs, has resulted in changes in the number of teaching staff required by the District.

The revised estimates reflect the addition of 9.5 FTE elementary teachers beyond the approved complement to meet enrolment-driven needs. The increase is offset by savings of 9.0 FTE secondary teaching assignments. Although enrolment at the secondary level increased, teaching assignments were accommodated within approved staffing levels. The cost adjustments associated with the positions result in a modest increase of \$29,900. Additional information on the academic staffing changes is available in Memo 19-006, Staffing Update.

Recognizing that the increased enrolment would include recent immigrants, a provision of \$500,000 has been established to meet incremental needs to support English language learners.

7. Special Education Costs

The District continues to experience increased demand for supports provided by EAs. This group of employees has also experienced increased pressure as it relates to absenteeism. Accordingly, the revised estimates have been updated to reflect additional costs totaling \$377,600 to meet increased casual EA staffing needs. Also, an additional \$100,000 has been provided for behavioural analyst supports.

Spending on supplies and services relative to the budget is expected to be \$362,200 more than planned. This amount is part of the net instruction-related costs discussed in Section 10. The increased costs will be funded using the Special Equipment Amount (SEA). The SEA grant is a specific funding envelope within the special education envelope.

8. **Teacher Absences**

Occasional teachers (OTs) provide coverage when teachers are absent due to illness or to attend medical appointments. In addition, OTs provide coverage when teachers are attending certain professional development and student support activities on a school day.

For the revised estimates, the District has identified supply teaching costs of \$19.0 million, which is \$2.1 million more than budgeted. The increased cost

reflects current experience and reporting. It is important to note that OTs are also used to staff vacant contract teaching positions, but that such costs are reported in the Instruction category. Staff continues to investigate whether some of the increased OT costs being reflected are the result of inadvertent coding errors within the District's Human Resources system.

Although the use of OTs has a financial impact, the effect on student learning is also a primary consideration. Accordingly, OT use will continue to be monitored as will the continued promotion of a healthy workplace that fosters employee well-being.

9. International Students

The Ottawa-Carleton Education Network (OCENET) is a not-for-profit organization that offers international students the opportunity to learn alongside the District's students. OCENET helps prospective students to submit their applications and fees and also supports their transition into the school and community. Fees collected cover OCENET's administrative costs but most of the fee is remitted to the District.

The District's 2018-2019 Budget reflected revenue of over \$10.6 million based on 817 students. The revised estimates reflect anticipated revenue of just over \$10.9 million based on 846 students. Increased enrolment of 29 students accounts for the \$379,000 revenue increase.

Administrative fees paid to OCENET by the District are reported as a fee in the Instruction category. These costs have increased by \$147,600 to \$4.3 million.

10. Other Instruction-Related Costs

Other instruction costs are those that are not specifically identified elsewhere in the report, but form part of the overall spending classified as Instruction. These costs represent an overall increase relative to the budget of \$991,200. The majority of this amount is the increased spending provided as a result of school budget carry forwards authorized with the approval of the 2017-2018 Consolidated Financial Statements.

11. Student Transportation

Transportation of the District's students is provided by the Ottawa Student Transportation Authority (OSTA). Amounts reflected in the 2018-2019 Budget were based on information received from OSTA. The estimates have been updated and costs are expected to be \$677,300 more than budgeted. The additional costs relate primarily to the driver retention mitigation strategy intended to reduce bus driver turnover which was approved by the OSTA board in June 2018. These costs are partially offset by additional funding totaling \$276,500.

Transportation expenses of \$42.1 million are shown in the revised estimates. These costs are supported by the \$41.7 million Transportation grant.

12. **Facility Operations**

Spending on school facilities represents the largest operating cost category outside of the instruction envelope. Projected compensation costs have remained constant overall whereas non-compensation costs have increased by close to \$2.2 million. This cost increase is comprised of two amounts:

- a provision of \$1.0 million to address property lease costs retroactive to the 2014-2015 school year and inclusive of a potential retroactive rate increase; and
- \$1.2 million for anticipated additional costs to relocate portables during the year.

13. Other Program Grants and Deferred Revenues

The Ministry announces special purpose grants throughout the year. The grants are targeted to support Ministry priorities and are termed Educational Program Grants-Other (EPO). These grants augment the District's budget; however, funding is tied to actual spending for the specified purpose. Amounts not spent are recovered by the Ministry or, if the funding agreements permit, are carried forward for use in the subsequent year. The District reports EPO grants as deferred revenue. Revenue from these grants is recognized in an amount equal to the associated expenses. Grants from other ministries and non-government organizations are treated in a similar manner and for this analysis are also referred to as EPO grants.

The District's 2018-2019 Budget reflected EPO grants totaling \$10.5 million. Close to \$1.6 million has been added to this amount. Of the new grants, \$1.3 million relates to a settlement that was reached between the Ontario Secondary School Teachers' Federation (OSSTF) and the Province as a remedy for the Ontario Superior Court ruling in April 2016 on the Putting Students First Act, 2012 (PSFA). The ruling determined that the PSFA was a violation of the Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms. The remaining \$275,600 is for a variety of initiatives as shown in Appendix D – Other Program Grants.

EPO-related revenues and expenses reflected in the revised estimates both equal \$12.1 million. Most of the expenses relating to EPO funding are shown in the Instruction category in Appendix B - Comparative Summary of Expenses.

Subsequent to the preparation of the revised estimates, the Ministry announced that certain EPO grants would either be reduced or eliminated. An assessment of the impact of the changes is ongoing.

14. Other Non-Instruction Costs

Other non-instruction costs relate to the activities of the Continuing Education department and central administrative departments, inclusive of staff secondments.

Continuing Education programs are supported by specific funding, including funding from the federal government and various government ministries. Growth in various program areas is expected to result in increased costs in both compensation and supplies and services categories. Compensation costs shown

in the revised estimates are \$28,800 more than budgeted while supplies and services costs are \$19,400 more.

Central departments show increased compensation costs of \$40,300 in the revised estimates.

The District pays the salaries of staff seconded to other organizations. The costs are recovered and reported as revenue in accordance with Ministry requirements. Costs in this category are expected to be \$56,200 more than budgeted. The latter amount is included as a component of the Other Net Revenue Adjustments line shown on Appendix A. Residual costs related to staff on loan total \$320,000 and reflect contractual obligations that limit the amounts recoverable from teacher federations. Obligations relating to remedy payments and other legal matters represent the balance of the budget overage.

15. **Deferred Capital Contributions and Amortization Expenses**

Funding received for the purpose of acquiring or developing a depreciable tangible capital asset is termed a deferred capital contribution (DCC). Such contributions are recognized as revenue at the same rate as the related tangible capital asset is amortized into expense. Amortization is based on the expected useful life of the asset.

In addition to the contributions discussed above, certain capital projects are supported internally through the use of the District's accumulated surplus. Internally supported tangible capital assets are amortized in the same manner as those supported by contributions from others, but there is no related revenue.

During the year, various capital projects are expected to be completed and a variety of capital assets acquired. In addition, adjustments to incorporate prior year actual results are reflected. These items increase the net value of the tangible capital assets managed by the District. In accordance with accounting requirements, the amortization of an asset's value commences immediately upon completion of the capital project. This has a direct impact on both revenues and expenses. The approved budget projected amortization expenses and related revenue of \$53.4 million. The revised estimates amounts are close to \$56.0 million for both. Expenses and revenues increased by \$2.6 million.

16. **Minor Tangible Capital Assets**

A portion of the annual GSN is budgeted for the acquisition of minor tangible capital assets (MTCA) such as furniture, equipment and computers. If the funds are not required for capital purposes, they are reported as operating revenue and support overall operating costs.

The revised estimates reflect anticipated capital spending to advance specific initiatives relating to information technology and student furniture renewal. In total, \$5.4 million previously identified as operating revenue will instead be used to support MTCA acquisitions. Requests to proceed with acquisitions will be submitted for approval according to Board policy.

17. Extended Day Program

The Extended Day Program (EDP) commenced operations in 2010. Significant growth in the program ensued and it now operates District-run programs in 63 schools and serves close to 5,500 children. The program, which is an integral part of the Early Learning strategy, is closely tied to the operations of the District's kindergarten programs. In fact, ECEs who staff the EDP, before and after school, also partner with teachers during the core day to provide the kindergarten program.

Increased program participation has been observed this year which has resulted in additional revenue of \$715,800 being reported in the revised estimates.

Costs of the program have also changed. A net increase in compensation costs is projected and reflects a provision of \$300,000 to address participants with special needs. This cost pressure is offset by net savings of \$112,300 which is expected to result from temporarily vacant positions that occur during the year.

The budget for supplies and services has also increased by \$48,000. A review of historical spending on snacks and program supplies resulted in the identification of a \$198,000 cost pressure for the year. The pressure is substantially offset by anticipated savings of \$150,000 relating to the purchase of computer software to manage participant registration and billing. The savings reflect that anticipated software project costs totaling \$300,000 will be spread over two years.

Table 3 shows the original budget and revised estimates by category. The program is expected to have a small surplus of \$86,600 for the year.

Table 3 – Extended Day Program Comparative Amounts

	Revised		
	Estimates	Budget	Change
	\$	\$	\$
Revenues	17,361,800	16,646,000	715,800
Expenses			
Compensation	15,580,500	15,392,800	187,700
Administrative Transfers (Comp)	576,400	576,400	-
Supplies and Services	788,000	740,000	48,000
Facility Transfers (Supplies)	330,300	330,300	-
	17,275,200	17,039,500	235,700
Surplus (Deficit)	86,600	(393,500)	480,100

18. **Child Care Program**

In September 2013 the District assumed the operations of four child care centres that had previously been run by the Ottawa School Day Nursery. The Infant, Toddler and Preschool (ITP) program operated at four sites and was intended to operate on a cost recovery basis. Changes to cost structures in relation to revenues resulted in the program operating at a deficit. As part of the 2017-2018 Budget, the Board approved the closure of two underutilized sites and increased user fees in an effort to stabilize the program's financial performance.

The ITP program is eligible for general operating (GO) funding. GO funding is the grant provided to licensed not-for-profit child care programs by the City of Ottawa and covers direct operating, pay equity, and wage enhancement grants. Projected GO funding of \$200,000 was reflected in the budget, but the City of Ottawa has since confirmed that it will provide \$390,000 for the year, which is an increase of \$190,000. This amount accounts for most of the program's increased revenue shown in the revised estimates.

Costs have also been updated. Compensation costs are expected to be \$52,700 less than budgeted and is generally attributable to net savings that result from temporarily vacant positions. The costs of supplies are also expected to be \$15,000 less than budgeted due to savings on snacks and meals.

Table 4 shows the original budget and revised estimates by category.

Table 4 – Child Care Program Comparative Amounts

	Revised		Change
	Estimates	Budget	increase (decrease)
	\$	\$	\$
Revenues	1,791,000	1,597,000	194,000
Expenses Compensation Supplies and Services	1,934,300 95,000	1,987,000 110,000	(52,700) (15,000)
	2,029,300	2,097,000	(67,700)
Deficit	238,300	500,000	(261,700)

The anticipated deficit is expected to be fully supported using the EDP accumulated surplus.

19. **Accumulated Surplus**

An accumulated surplus is the excess of revenues over expenses that has resulted over time.

The *Education Act* allows the Board to use its accumulated surplus to balance its operating budget, but it also restricts the use in any school year to 1% of the operating grants provided by the Ministry. For the 2018-2019 Revised Estimates, this amount is \$8.6 million. Approval to use accumulated surplus in excess of this amount must be obtained from the Ministry. That said, the District's 2018-2019 Budget was balanced meaning that no reliance was placed on the use of the accumulated surplus.

Table 5 presents the components of accumulated surplus and shows the anticipated increase and alignment of the projected 2018-2019 net operating surplus of \$2.8 million.

Table 5 – Accumulated Surplus Available for Compliance

	Projected as at	Actual as at	Change
	,		
	31 Aug 2019	31 Aug 2018	increase (decrease)
	\$	\$	\$
Available for compliance			
Restricted-committed capital	430,000	471,600	(41,600)
Internally appropriated			
Extended Day Program	734,600	886,300	(151,700)
Budgets carried forward	2,149,000	2,149,000	-
Business Systems	2,000,000	2,000,000	-
Contingencies	17,200,000	15,000,000	2,200,000
Unappropriated	15,200,400	14,362,300	838,100
	37,714,000	34,869,200	2,844,800

It is important to highlight that with the approval of the 2017-2018 Consolidated Financial Statements, the Board appropriated \$17.0 million to be used to respond to revenue shortfalls or increased expenses relative to the budget. This appropriation was categorized as "Contingencies" and included \$2.0 million for use in modernizing business systems used to manage student, financial and human resources needs. As at 31 August 2018 the \$2.0 million is now shown separately under the Business Systems category.

20. **Summary**

The District's 2018-2019 Revised Estimates include the impact of increased enrolment, enhanced spending authority provided through the use of targeted Ministry grants, the effects of in-year changes to programs and increased costs relating to remedy payments to eligible staff.

The enrolment increase this year has added revenue, but this is also offset by costs mainly relating to teaching staff and additional student supports. Staff continues to evaluate where additional resources may be required to respond to student needs.

The revised estimates show expenses of \$978.7 million, revenues of \$981.5 million and a projected surplus of \$2.8 million.

RESOURCE IMPLICATIONS:

21. The District's 2018-2019 Budget was balanced. The District's 2018-2019 Revised Estimates present a surplus of \$2.8 million, which is compliant with the Ministry's budget compliance framework.

COMMUNICATION/CONSULTATION ISSUES:

22. The 2018-2019 Revised Estimates were prepared by Finance staff in consultation with other departments.

STRATEGIC LINKS:

23. An effectively functioning Audit Committee and approach to risk management is a key component of the focus on sustainably allocating resources, in particular by enhancing operational practices to effectively and responsibly manage human and financial resources in support of students. Monitoring actual performance in relation to the Board's approved budget allows staff to identify opportunities to reallocate resources to address emerging needs and to respond to changes in revenue streams and expense patterns.

GUIDING QUESTIONS:

- 24. The following questions are provided to support the discussion of this item by the Committee:
 - Does the analysis explain the significant changes in revenues and expenses?
 - Is staff taking steps to mitigate any adverse financial impacts and to leverage opportunities that were identified during the preparation of the analysis?

Mike Carson	Camille Williams-Taylor
Chief Financial Officer	Director of Education and Secretary of
	the Board

Appendices:

Appendix A – Analysis of Changes in Revenues and Expenses

Appendix B – Comparative Summary of Expenses

Appendix C – Grants for Student Needs

Appendix D – Other Program Grants